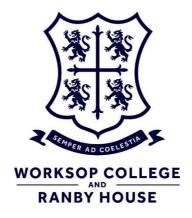
A5 – PSHE, RSE Policy

Policy Lead: DJT	Creation Date: 10/12/2015		Revision due: Spring 2023
Date of Amendment:		Staff Initials:	
5.10.17	5.10.17		
26.01.21		DJT	
5.01.22		HC	



PSHE, Relationships and Sex Education, and Health Education Policy

School Tier: Prep School

Related Policies: Curriculum Policy; Assessment, Recording and Reporting Policy; ICT policy

Helping our children to 'Be the Best they can Be' in all that they do.

OVERVIEW: Our Personal, Social, Health and Education programme helps our children to develop key skills embedded in our school's Learner Profile philosophy:



Aims

The aims of PSHE and Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Support the school's ethos and Values
- > Prepare children for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life.
- > Help children gain the knowledge and skills they need to lead confident, healthy and independent lives.
- > Aid understanding of how they are developing personally and socially and tackles many of the moral, social and cultural issues that are part of growing up.
- > Give children an understanding of the rights and responsibilities that are part of being a good citizen.
- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

Statutory requirements

As an independent prep school, we provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017.</u>

We offer all pupils a curriculum that is similar to the National Curriculum including requirements to teach science which would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

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At Ranby House, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review The PSHE subject coordinator collated all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent's consultation The information was shared with parents who were invited to provide thoughts and feedback regarding the policy and suggested curriculum.
- 4. Pupil consultation we spoke to pupils on the School Council about their thoughts and suggestions for the curriculum.
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with SLT and ratified

Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

Curriculum and delivery of PSHE/RSE

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

The curriculum has been developed in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

At Ranby house, our PSHE scheme is designed to support the schools 'Growth Mindset' approach to learning and fosters a desire for children to think and reflect on their learning in these key areas. The Scheme covers the three main themes of:

- Health and Well Being
- Relationships
- Living in the Wider World.

These themes are revisited each term and every year in a progressive manner. The class teachers deliver this programme with the freedom to allocate the themes dependent on Independent Learning Projects and current events.

We recognise that not all areas of PSHE can be covered exclusively through this scheme and therefore the school supports PSHE in many aspects of the day to day school life. These include:

- The schools ethos and values and Pupil Charter system
- The rewards and sanctions system
- Our Growth Mindset approach to learning
- Class and Form Tutor Periods
- House Meetings
- Weekly PSHE based assemblies
- Weekly Chapel Services
- Our Religious Studies Programme
- Science lessons and cross curricular opportunities.

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Studies (RS).

Year 6 pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by trained and confident staff.

Relationships Education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- > Being safe

Our Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

Roles and responsibilities

The governing board

The governing board has delegated the approval of this policy to the Headmaster of Ranby House and SLT members.

The Head teacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 8).

Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/nonscience components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

Mrs F. Exley is Subject Coordinator for PSHE inc. RSE.

Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

Training

Staff receive training on the delivery of RSE and are encouraged to pursue any further professional development they feel they require.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by Mrs F. Exley (PSHE coordinator) through:

- Planning scrutinies
- Learning Walks
- Pupil Voice Activities

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed annually by Mrs H. Clark (Deputy Head)]. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Headteacher along with the SLT.

	Autumn Term - Health and Wellbeing					
Emotional Health						
Healthy and safe						
Anti-bullying						
Citizenship/British Values – rig	hts and responsibilities, fin	ancial capability				
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
My identity and skills	Awareness of feelings	Healthy people	Emotions and feeling	Healthy eating	Healthy lifestyles	Self-confidence –
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	valuing others
 about where they live and 	 how to tell how people 	 what healthy people 	 how to deal with 	 about what food is 	 about how their own 	Children will learn:
belong and what they can do	are feeling Children	do. This should include	feelings, how to cope	healthy and why	lifestyle contributes to	 about taking on more
Children should:	should:	learning about the	with pressure	 to recognise 	health	personal responsibility
• be aware of themselves and	 be able to show some 	benefits of rest and	 what positively and 	opportunities to make	 what is meant by the 	Children should:
their skills	self-awareness	exercise	negatively affects their	their own choices about	term 'habit' and why	• be able to
		Children should:	physical, mental and	food, what might	habits can be hard to	demonstrate how their
	Keeping well and clean	 be able to describe the 	emotional health	influence their choices	change	actions affect others
	Children will learn:	components of a healthy	(including the media)	and the benefits of	 about taking care of 	
	 how some diseases are 	day	Children should:	eating a balanced diet	their body,	
	spread and can be	 be able to recognise 	 know who they can 	Children should:	understanding that they	
	controlled and about the	what they like and	talk to if they feel	 be able to design a 	have autonomy and the	
	responsibilities they	dislike, and recognise	pressured	series of healthy menus	right to protect their	
	have for their own	that choices can have		and compare these with	body from inappropriate	
	health and that of	good and not so good	Keeping safe	each other and food	and unwanted contact:	
	others.	consequences •	Children will learn:	offered in school	Children should:	
	Children should:	research, discuss and	 about risks they may 		 conduct a local survey 	
	 know how to keep 	debate topical issues,	face		to understand more	
	themselves clean and	problems and events	 that bacteria and 		about eating habits	
	brush their teeth	concerning health and	viruses can affect health			
	effectively.	wellbeing and offer their	and that following			
		recommendations to	simple routines can			
		appropriate people	reduce their spread			
			Children should:			
			 be able to describe 			
			what risk is and how this			
			may affect decisions			

Autumn Term – Relationships

Healthy and safe

Emotional Health

Anti-bullying

Citizenship/British Values – rights and responsibilities

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Safe and unsafe	Who are our friends?	Same and different –	Looking after others	Types of relationships	Relationships	Conflict resolution
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	being truthful	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:
 who keeps them safe 	 about different types of 	Children will learn:	 about behaving 	 about different types of 	 more about a range of 	 about how to deal with
and how	friends, including grown-	 about truth & lies, and 	responsibly	relationships including	issues that can affect	conflicts as they arise
 about what is safe and 	ups • the difference	more about diversity	Children should:	friends and families, civil	families	Children should:
unsafe Children should:	between keeping secrets	Children should:	 have looked after a toy 	partnerships and	 about change, including 	 be able to suggest
 be able to talk about 	and surprises and the	 be able to show what 	pet, and recorded this	marriage	transitions loss,	strategies for handling
how to keep safe	importance of not	constitutes a good friend	 be able to talk about 	 that civil partnerships 	separation, divorce and	conflict
now to keep sure	keeping adults secrets,	 recognise what is fair/ 	feelings	are examples of stable,	bereavement Children	 be able to recognise
	only surprises	unfair, kind/unkind, what	 recognise and respond 	loving relationships and a	should:	and manage 'dares'
	Children should:	is right/wrong	appropriately to a wider	public demonstration of	 be aware of some of 	 be able to recognise
	 be able to talk about 	Coping with conflict	range of feelings in	the commitment made	the problems	how "peer acceptance"
	good and not so good	Children will learn:	others	between two people who	families/parents can face	may be influential in their
	feelings	 more about teasing & 		love and care for each		actions and behaviours
	 be able to talk about 	bullying		other and want to spend		
	friends	 about different types of 		their lives together and		Secrets and dilemmas
	 begin to develop a 	bullying, that these are		who are of legal age to		Children will learn:
	vocabulary to describe	wrong & unacceptable		make that commitment		 about handling moral
	their feelings to others	 the consequences of 		Children should:		dilemmas and when to
	and simple strategies for	anti-social & aggressive		• understand that there		tell
	managing feelings	behaviours such as		is a variety of		Children should:
		bullying and		relationships		 show understanding
		discrimination		Loss and separation		through role-play or
		Children should:		Children will learn:		other
		 know why this is wrong 		about how it feels to		
		& how to get help		lose someone Children		
		 recognise when people 		should:		
		are being unkind, how to		• be able to identify who		
		respond, who to tell and		can help them with		
		what to say		difficult feelings.		

Autumn Term - Living in the Wider World

Healthy and safe

Emotional Health

Values

Anti-bullying

Citizenship/British Values – participation, rights & responsibilities, financial capability, democracy and government, participation, world of work, media, literacy, our neighbours

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Keeping safe	Persuasion/reality	Money and shopping	Councillors – what do	Media and the	Stereotypes and	Community
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	they do?	community	changing	Children will learn:
 about how to co-exist and 	 more about 	 about money and 	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	 more about people in their
be helpful	differences between	spending	 why and how rules and 	 about how the 	 that differences and 	community
Children should:	fantasy and reality	Children should:	laws that protect	media influences	similarities between	Children should:
 be able to say why we 	Children should:	 be able to role-play 	themselves and others are	decisions	people arise from a	 be able to explain what local
need rules and give some	 understand the 	simple financial	made enforced, why	Children should:	number of factors	facilities exist in their
examples	difference between	transactions	different rules are needed	 be able to hold a 	including family,	community e.g. libraries, leisure
	these		in different situations and	debate on a topical	cultural, ethnic, racial	centres
			how to take part in	issue	and religious diversity,	Money and Me
			making and changing		age, sex, gender	Children will learn:
			rules		identity, sexual	 about the role money plays in
			 that there are different 		orientation, and	their own and others' lives,
			kinds of responsibilities,		disability	how to manage their money &
			rights and duties at home,		 about images and 	about being a critical consumer
			at school, in the		stereotypes	 that resources can be
			community and towards		Children should:	allocated in different ways &
			the environment		 be aware of the need 	that these choices affect
			 about school and local 		to challenge these	individuals, communities & the
			democracy Children		Money and saving	sustainability of the
			should:		Children will learn:	environment
			 show an understanding 		 about saving and 	 about enterprise & what
			of the role of a school		spending	makes someone 'enterprising'
			councillor		Children should:	Children should:
			 resolve differences by 		 run a simple 	 develop an initial
			looking at alternatives,		marketing project in	understanding of 'interest',
			seeing and respecting		teams	'loan', 'debt',& 'tax'
			others' points of view,			 explore & critique how the
			making decisions and			media present information
			explaining choices			 structure & conduct
						interviews & compare results

Spring Term – Health and Wellbeing

Emotional Health

Healthy and safe		•				
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Self awareness	Parts of the body	About my body	Feeling sad and making	Drug Education	Gender differences and	Drug Education
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	choices	Children will learn:	puberty	Children will learn:
 about feelings and 	 about their bodies 	 more about parts of 	Children will learn:	 about the effects of 	Children will learn:	 effects and risks of
goals	and how they work	the body and how the	 that people's bodies 	smoking and how to	 about development 	drugs and the
Children should:	 about the similarities 	body works	and feelings can be hurt	make safe decisions	from birth and specific	consequence of use
 be able to set a target 	and differences	Children should:	(including what makes	Decision making	body parts	Children should:
for themselves	between boys and girls	 be able to show 	them feel comfortable	Children will learn:	Children should:	 be able to describe
	Children should:	understanding of key	and uncomfortable)	 how to make 	• be able to name these	effects and risks,
	 be able to name the 	bodily functions	 about critical thinking 	informed choices	parts and understand	understand
	main parts of the body	Keeping fit	and decision making	(including recognising	their function	consequences of drug
	(including external	Children will:	Children should:	that choices can have		use and know where to
	genitalia)	 learn about exercise 	 be able to judge what 	positive, neutral and		go for help
	Growing and changing	and what makes places	kind of physical contact	negative consequences)		
	Children will learn:	healthy	is acceptable,	Children should:		
	 more about what 	 begin to learn how to 	comfortable,	 be able to describe 		
	happens as things grow	make real, informed	unacceptable and	the effects of smoking		
	Children should:	choices that improve	uncomfortable and how	and how to make safe		
	 be able to describe 	their physical and	to respond (including	decisions		
	some elements of the	emotional health	who to tell and how to	 begin to understand 		
	growth cycle	Children should:	tell them)	the concept of a		
		 plan and carry out a 	• be able to write about	'balanced lifestyle'		
		programme of exercise	feelings	Strong feelings		
				Children will learn:		
				 about strong feelings 		
				and mood swings		
				Children should:		
				 be able to express 		
				these feelings in writing		

Spring Term – Relationships

Emotional Health Anti-bullying Values

Healthy and safe

Diversity

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Friendship	Losing and finding	Making and breaking	Families who live far	Persuasion and	Coping with bullying	Arguments and families
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	friendships	away	pressure	Children will learn:	Children will learn:
 what friends are Children should: 	 about what happens 	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	 about how to deal 	 about how families behave
 be able to communicate their 	when things get lost or	 about when 	 about extended 	 that their actions 	with bullies	Children should:
feelings to others, to recognise how	change	friendships break up, or	families	affect themselves and	Children should:	 recognise that reaching
others show feelings and how to	Children should:	people move away	Children should:	others	 use role-play or other 	positive solutions usually
respond	 be able to express 	Children should:	 be able to discuss 	 about the concept of 	to demonstrate	involves negotiation and
 be able to talk about what makes a 	how they feel when	 understand about the 	issues for families living	'keeping something	techniques they have	compromise
good friend	they lose something or	feelings associated with	overseas	confidential or secret',	learnt	Strong emotions
 recognise how their behaviour 	if things change	this	Healthy relationships	when we should or		Children will learn:
affects other people	(including moving home,	Variety of relationships	Children will learn:	should not agree to this		 what is appropriate and
	losing toys, pets or	Children will learn:	 what constitutes a 	and when it is right to		inappropriate
	friends)	 about people who 	positive, healthy	'break a confidence' or		Children should:
		look after them, their	relationship and	'share a secret'		 recognise that they may
		family networks, who to	develop the skills to	Children should:		experience conflicting
		go to if they are worried	form and maintain	 be able to judge what 		emotions and when they
		and how to attract their	positive and healthy	kind of physical contact		might need to listen to their
		attention, ways that	relationships	is acceptable or		emotions or overcome them
		pupils can help these	Children should:	unacceptable and how		 be able to express what is
		people to look after	 recognise ways in 	to respond		meant to be in charge
		them	which a relationship can	 be able to 		
		 to identify their special 	be unhealthy and who	demonstrate some basic		
		people (family, friends,	to talk to if they need	techniques for resisting		
		carers), what makes	support	pressure		
		them special and how				
		special people should				
		care for one another				
		Children should:				
		 recognise that they 				
		share a responsibility for				
		keeping themselves and				
		others safe, when to say				
		'yes', 'no', 'l'll ask' and				
		ʻl'll tell'				

Spring Term – Living in the Wider World

Healthy and safe

Citizenship/British Values – democracy and responsibilities, community, sustainable development, environment, media literacy, government Values – diversity

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Accidents and prevention	Sustainable	Our school	Where do things	Persuasion and	Democracy	Democracy and decisions
Children will learn:	development	community	come from?	pressure	simulation	Children will learn:
 what accidents are Children 	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	 about government and
should:	 about the 	 rules for and ways 	 about sources of 	 about sources of 	 about how local 	parliament
 understand about safe and 	environment	of keeping physically	product and Fairtrade	persuasion	democracy works	Children should:
unsafe places to play	Children should:	and emotionally safe	Children should:	Children should:	Children should:	 show understanding via letter
Co-operative skills Children will	 take part in a class 	(including road safety,	 be able to debate 	 be able to recognise 	 use a simulation to 	writing
learn:	recycling activity	cycle safety)	about ethics	some persuasive media	develop	_
 about rules for games and who 		 rules for safety in 	Me and my	tactics e.g. adverts	understanding of	
makes them Children should:		the environment	community	Recycling project Children will learn:	democracy	
 be able to take part in a class 		(including rail, water	Children will learn:	 more about the local 	Diversity	
vote		and fire safety) about	 what being part of a 	community	Children will learn:	
		safety online, the	community means,	Children should:	 about the lives of 	
		responsible use of ICT	and about the varied	• be able to explain	people living in other	
		 to listen to other 	institutions that	what can be recycled in	places, and people	
		people and play and	support communities	their "local" recycling	with different values	
		work cooperatively	locally and nationally	bins	and customs	
		(including strategies	Children should:	Me in the wider world	Children should:	
		to resolve simple	 recognise the role 	Children will learn:	 appreciate the 	
		arguments through	of voluntary,	 the importance of 	range of national,	
		negotiation)	community and	protecting personal	regional, religious and	
		 to offer constructive 	pressure groups,	information, including	ethnic identities in	
		support and feedback	especially in relation	passwords and images	the United Kingdom	
		to others	to health and	Children should:		
		 to identify and 	wellbeing	deepen their		
		respect the		understanding of risk		
		similarities and		by recognising,		
		differences between		predicting & assessing in different situations		
		people		& deciding how to		
		Children should:		manage them		
		 share their opinions 		(including sensible		
		on things that matter		road use & risks in		
		to them and explain		their local		
		their views through		environment) & to use		
		discussion with one		this as an opportunity		
		other person and the		to build resilience		
		whole class		 design posters & 		
		 use various media 		materials to reflect this		
		to illustrate this		learning		

Summer Term- Health and Wellbeing

Emotional Health

Healthy and safe

Citizenship/British Values – rights and responsibilities

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Developing skills	Feeling unsure	Mums and babies –	Accidents and	Rights and	Setting personal goals	Sex and relationship education
Children will learn:	Children will	how we grew	prevention	responsibilities	Children will learn:	– what do we mean by love?
 about how they are 	learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will	 how to set goals and targets for 	Children will learn:
improving	• that	 about babies and 	 about outdoor 	learn:	themselves Children should:	 that there is nothing that they
Children should:	household	birth	places and how to	 about types of 	produce a personal plan	should be afraid to ask about
 be able to talk about 	products,	 about the process of 	behave responsibly	behaviour and	Personal Safety	 that there are some cultural
growing	including	growing from young to	Children should:	their	Children will learn:	practices that are against British
Keeping well and clean	medicines, can	old	 produce a display 	consequences	 about situations which could cause them personal risk 	law and universal human rights
Children will learn:	be harmful if	 how people's needs 	on outdoor risks	Children should:	• that everyone has human rights as	Children should:
 about basic hygiene 	not used	change and	Drug Education	 be able to give 	set out in the United Nations	 explore questions about SRE
Children should:	properly	responsibilities that	Children will learn:	examples of right	Declaration of the Rights of the Child	Moving on
 know how to keep 	 about feeling 	increasing	 about medicines 	and wrong	 that these universal rights are there to 	Children will learn:
themselves clean	worried	independence may	and everyday drugs	 recognise that 	protect everyone and primacy over	 about change, including
	Children	bring	and how to deal	their increasing	national law and family and community	transitions (between Key Stages
	should:	Children should:	with unhelpful	independence	practices	and schools), loss, separation,
	 know how to 	• if possible bring in	pressure	brings increased	Children should:	divorce and bereavement
	protect	photographs of	• school rules about	responsibility to	 develop strategies for keeping 	Children should:
	themselves	themselves/their	health and safety,	keep themselves	physically and emotionally safe	• be able to differentiate
		parents/carers at	basic emergency aid	and others safe	including road safety, safety in the	between the terms, 'risk',
		different stages from birth till now	procedures, where and how to get help		environment and safety online (including social media, the responsible	'danger' and 'hazard' e.g. use of
		Healthy eating	Children should:		use of ICT and mobile phones)	mobile phones; internet etc – in reference possible to
		Children will learn:	 be able to ask for 		Drug education	'grooming'; cyber bullying; gang
		 about what food is 	help or assistance		Children will learn:	culture and possible sexting
		healthy	help of assistance		 which, why and how commonly 	• The principle of Consent and
		Children should:			available substances and drugs	what it means
		• use their learning to			(including alcohol and tobacco) could	Sex Relationship Education
		plan a healthy			damage their immediate and future	Children will learn:
		lunchbox			health and safety, that some are legal,	about human reproduction
		Iunchbox			some are restricted and some are illegal	Children should:
					to own, use and supply to others	• realise that human
					about alcohol, attitudes to drugs and	reproduction is an adult activity
					making safe decisions in situations	reproduction is an addit activity
					involving drugs Children should:	
					 be able to describe the short and long 	
					term effects of alcohol, discuss their	
					views about drugs and make safe	
					decisions about drug-related situations	
					5	

Summer Term – Relationships

Emotional Health

Values

Healthy and safe

Anti-bullying

Values – diversity and equal opportunities

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Special people	Memories and	Mums and babies	Special people in	Exclusion/inclusion	Being left out	Sex and relationship education
Children will learn:	growing up	Children will learn:	school Children will	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	– what do we mean by love?
 who are special people and 	Children will learn:	 that babies need care 	learn:	 about equal 	 how it feels to be 	Children will learn:
that everyone's are different	 about special 	and attention (love) in	 about different roles 	opportunities and their	excluded or	 about parenting and love
 more about how people feel 	memories	order to calm them if	in school	importance	discriminated against	Children should:
Children should:	Children should:	they are upset	Children should:	Children should:	Children should:	 Appreciate there are
 recognise similarities and 	 make a memory box 	Children should:	 conduct an interview 	 be able to show 	 be able to describe 	different types of love e.g.
differences in families	and choose contents	 plan a visit by a 	Peer	understanding of	how this feels	parental love, partner love,
		Mum and formulate	influence/pressure	difference including		friendship love etc.
		questions	Children will learn:	disability		 be aware that marriage is a
		Personal identity	 that pressure to 	 recognise how 		commitment freely entered
		Children will learn:	behave in an	images in the media do		into by both people, that no
		 to set simple but 	unacceptable,	not always reflect		one should enter into marriage
		challenging goals	unhealthy or risky way	reality and can affect		if they don't absolutely want to
		Children should:	can come from a	how people feel about		Racism and its consequences
		 be able to learn from 	variety of sources,	themselves		Children will learn:
		their experiences	including people they	 deepen their 		 about aggressive behaviour
		 be able to recognise 	know and the media	understanding of good		Children should:
		and celebrate their	Children should:	and not so good		 understand about bullying
		strengths	 be able to describe 	feelings, to extend		and racism
		Personal Safety	how to deal with	their vocabulary to		
		Children will learn:	unhelpful pressure	enable them to explain		
		 about who to talk to 	 be able to recognise 	both the range and		
		if they have concerns,	when and how to ask	intensity of their		
		questions or worries	for help and use basic	feelings to others		
		Children should:	techniques for			
		 know the difference 	resisting pressure to			
		between secrets and	do something			
		surprises and	dangerous, unhealthy,			
		understanding not to	that makes them			
		keep adults' secrets	uncomfortable,			
			anxious or that they			
			believe to be wrong			

Summer Term – Living in the Wider World

Citizenship/British Values – participation, sense of community, world of work, sustainable development, government, financial capability, Healthy and safe

Values – diversity and equal opportunities

Emotional Health

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
More co-operative learning	Looking after myself	Special days	Our ideal community	Fundraising	Global community projects –	Celebration – supporting each other
Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	activities	Refugee Week	Children will learn:
 how to contribute to the life 	 more about road 	 about a range of 	 about how 	Children will	Children will learn:	 about the people who are responsible for
of the classroom	safety and who helps	festivals	community facilities	learn:	 about issues facing refugees, 	helping them stay healthy and safe and ways
 to help construct, and agree 	us keep safe	Children should:	work	 about what 	particularly in their local	that they can help these people about
to follow, group and class rules	Children should:	 demonstrate this 	Children should:	voluntary	community Children should:	supporting each other Children should:
and to understand how these	 understand the role 	learning at an	 produce a map of 	agencies do	 produce materials for Refugee 	 produce a Year 4 resource
rules help them	of the emergency	assembly or display	the community	Children should:	Week for the school	Racism and its consequences
 that people and other living 	services	Global food		 plan and 	Working together	Children will learn:
things have needs and that		Children will learn:		undertake a	Children will learn:	 that actions have consequences –
they have responsibilities to		 about where food 		simple fundraising	 how they can work together to 	emotionally as well as physically and that
meet them (including being		comes from		project	bring about change	bullying and racist behaviours are wrong
able to take turns, share and		Children should:		 reflect on and 	Children should:	Children should:
understand the need to return		 learn more about 		celebrate their	 listen and respond respectfully to 	 understand about bullying and racism
things that have been		the ethics of food		achievements,	a wide range of people, to feel	
borrowed)		supply		identify their	confident to raise their own	
 that they belong to various 				strengths, set	concerns, to recognise and care	
groups and communities such				high aspirations	about other people's feelings and	
as family and school				and goals	to try to see, respect and if	
 What improves and harms 					necessary constructively challenge	
their local, natural and built					their points of view	
environments and about some					 work collaboratively towards 	
of the ways people look after					shared goals to develop strategies	
them. • That money comes					to resolve disputes and conflict	
from different sources and can					through negotiation and	
be used for different purposes,					appropriate compromise and to	
including the concept of					give rich and constructive feedback	
spending and saving.					and support to benefit others as	
 About the role money plays in 					well as themselves	
their lives including how to					realise the nature and	
manage their money, keep it					consequences of discrimination,	
safe, choices about spending					teasing, bullying and aggressive	
money and what influences					behaviours (including cyber	
those choices.					bullying, use of prejudice-based	
Children should:					language, how to respond and ask	
play cooperative games					for help	

Values which underpin most of the units:

Appreciation, Charity, Courage, Democracy, Determination, Freedom, Friendship, Forgiveness, Harmony, Honesty, Humour, Love, Patience, Peace, Positivity, Resilience, Respect, Responsibility, Thoughtfulness, Tolerance, Trust, Unity.

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
people who care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	• That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online relationships	 That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	 What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context) About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS				
Name of child		Class		
Name of parent		Date		
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education				
Any other information you would like the school to consider				
Parent signature:				

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL

Agreed actions from discussion with parents	
Signed by:	